



Victoria, B.C.

November 8-13, 1982

Le 8-13 novembre, 1982

CHRONOLOGICAL

HISTORY

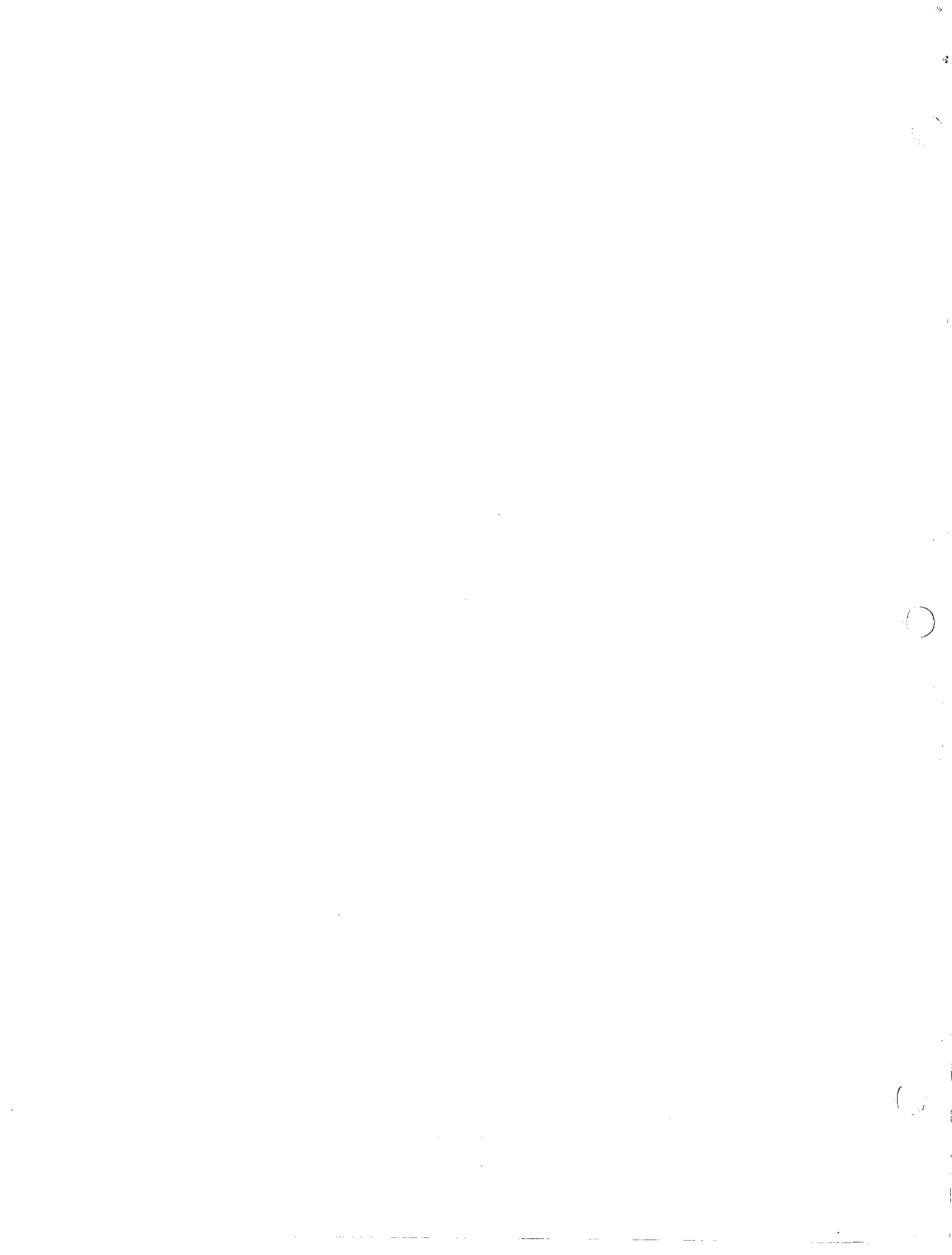
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SERVICES

Canadian Federation of Students • Fédération Canadienne des Étudiants

**Third semi-annual meeting
Troisième réunion semi-annuelle**



ASSOCIATION OF STUDENT COUNCILS/
CANADIAN FEDERATION OF STUDENTS-SERVICES
A BRIEF CHRONOLOGICAL HISTORY

Genesis

In the early 1950's, the National Federation of Canadian University Students (NFCUS) and later the Canadian Union of Students (CUS) began the operation of a student travel service. This service was unincorporated and operated simply as a committee of the Union to provide travel services to students throughout Canada excluding Quebec.

- 1964 The Quebec Union of Students (UGEQ) voted to separate from CUS and form UGEQ Inc. which provided travel services to Quebec students. CUS continued to supply services to the rest of Canada.
- 1966-1968 UGEQ voted to dissolve itself and UGEQ Inc. became TOURBEC INC. which continued to operate services in Quebec for student and youth.
- 1969-1969 CUS voted to dissolve itself by national referendum. The Charter flights which CUS operated were temporarily transferred to the Ontario Union of Students (OUS)
- 1969 The Association of Ontario Student Councils was hastily established by the student unions of U of T, York, Ryerson, UWO, Carleton and Dalhousie.
- An initial once only levy of 25¢ per student was agreed to--The University of Toronto SAC contributed \$5,000 to AOSC which was refunded in total less than 30 days after the contribution was received.
- AOSC gained immediate recognition by the ISTC as Canada's National Student Travel Bureau by collaborating with the Secretary of State to guarantee \$30,000 of CUS international debts.
- Western student councils such as UBC, University of Victoria, U of Alberta, U of Saskatchewan, etc., met to establish Western Student Services (WSS) to provide similar services to students in Western Canada.
- 1971 AOSC incorporated under the laws of Ontario as a non-share capital membership association.
- 1972 AOSC established a branch office in Halifax and increased membership to 45 institutions across Canada.
- WSS collapsed in the west leaving debts of approximately \$40,000.

- 1972-1973 AOSC established a west coast office in UBC and a number of B.C. schools joined the organization.
- AOSC established a 6 month summer office in London, England.
- 1973 AOSC incorporated federally.
- 1974 AOSC incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary travel agency, Canadian Universities Travel Service Limited.
- 1976 AOSC/C.U.T.S. established a full-time office in Ottawa.
- 1977 AOSC entered into an agreement of affiliation with NUS.
- The National Student Discount program was launched.
- 1978 AOSC and NUS held their first joint Annual General Meeting.
- The direct mail program was started to send information on AOSC to over 200,000 members. The debenture program was created and raised over \$60,000 of capital.
- Tourbec INC, the student and youth travel organization in Quebec collapses leaving debts in excess of \$500,000. AOSC/C.U.T.S. now stands as the sole student owned national student travel bureau for Canada.
- 1979 CUTS offices established in Edmonton at the University of Alberta and in Toronto at Ryerson Polytechnical Institute.
- CUTS Board restructured to include staff representatives.
- SWAP program was organized.
- 1980 AOSC calls for process to create a new student organization in Canada to replace affiliation process. Membership commits themselves to this at AGM.
- CUTS offices established in Saskatoon at the University of Saskatoon and in Ottawa at Carleton University.
- 1981 Canadian Programming Service is created to provide lecture services to members.
- AOSC published Budget Travel In Canada.
- The Canadian Federation of Students was created. CFS structures will replace existing student provincial and national organizations

1981 (cont'd)

CFS-Services officially incorporates and begins to operate. A transfer of all AOSC activities to CFS-Services begins.

AOSC Board splits the joint position of Executive Director and President of CUTS by appointing two individuals to these positions.

The joint CFS membership/ISIC is produced for distribution to all CFS members.

A CUTS office is established at McGill University in Montreal.

CUTS revamps its promotion and profile taking on the trade name TRAVEL CUTS.

1982

CPS expands its speakers portfolio to include theatre acts.

A CUTS office is established in Victoria at the University of Victoria.

The discount programme is restructured under the name "YOUTHSAVER" and a free CFS membership card is incorporated into the programme.

Canoe programme re-organized and established under the name Canadian Wilderness Trips. A base camp and log building are established by Wilderness Trips staff over the summer months. Winter programmed planned.

In the most broad based distribution programme ever attempted, 75,000 plastic membership cards are distributed to members of CFS at registration.

Xmas charter series is expanded to serve more destinations including Halifax, Montreal, Toronto, Edmonton and Vancouver.

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions.

2. It is essential to ensure that all data is entered correctly and consistently.

3. Regular audits should be conducted to verify the accuracy of the records.

4. The second part of the document outlines the procedures for handling discrepancies.

5. Any errors identified during an audit should be investigated and corrected immediately.

6. The final part of the document provides a summary of the key findings and recommendations.

7. It is recommended that these procedures be followed strictly to ensure the integrity of the data.

8. The document concludes with a statement of approval and a signature line.

9. The following table provides a detailed breakdown of the data collected during the audit.

10. The data shows a significant increase in sales volume over the period reviewed.

11. This increase is attributed to a combination of factors, including improved marketing efforts.

12. The overall performance of the organization is considered to be satisfactory.

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